

THE AGE OF ABSOLUTISM

Section 2 Quiz**A. Terms, People, and Places**

Match the descriptions in Column I with the terms in Column II. Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided. Not all the words, names, or places in Column II will be used. Each answer can be used only once.

Column I

- _____ 1. granted toleration of French Protestants
- _____ 2. court ceremony celebrating the king's rising
- _____ 3. immense palace of Louis XIV
- _____ 4. French Protestants
- _____ 5. royal official under Louis XIV

Column II

- a. Huguenots
- b. Henry IV
- c. Edict of Nantes
- d. Cardinal Richelieu
- e. Versailles
- f. intendant
- g. *levée*

B. Main Ideas

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

- _____ 6. What decision did Henry IV have to make to become king?
 - a. to become a Protestant
 - b. to become a Catholic
 - c. to revoke the Edict of Nantes
 - d. to renounce absolute power
- _____ 7. Cardinal Richelieu is known for
 - a. rebelling against Louis XIII.
 - b. strengthening the Estates-General.
 - c. weakening the power of Huguenots and nobles.
 - d. serving under Louis XIV.
- _____ 8. Louis XIV expanded his power by
 - a. staging an uprising called the *Fronde*.
 - b. having Bishop Bossuet executed.
 - c. outlawing the *levée*.
 - d. building a strong army
- _____ 9. An important symbol of the Sun King's wealth was
 - a. the establishment of banking in France.
 - b. his ownership of manufacturing plants.
 - c. the palace of Versailles.
 - d. his friendship with nobles.
- _____ 10. The Dutch and the English wanted to maintain a balance of power to
 - a. prevent France from dominating Europe.
 - b. allow Phillip V to rule Spain and Germany.
 - c. expel Muslims and Jews from Spain.
 - d. support "a splendid century."